# Dark Matter in the Cosmic Context

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(soon: North Carolina State University)







dark matter 26.8%

atoms 4.9%

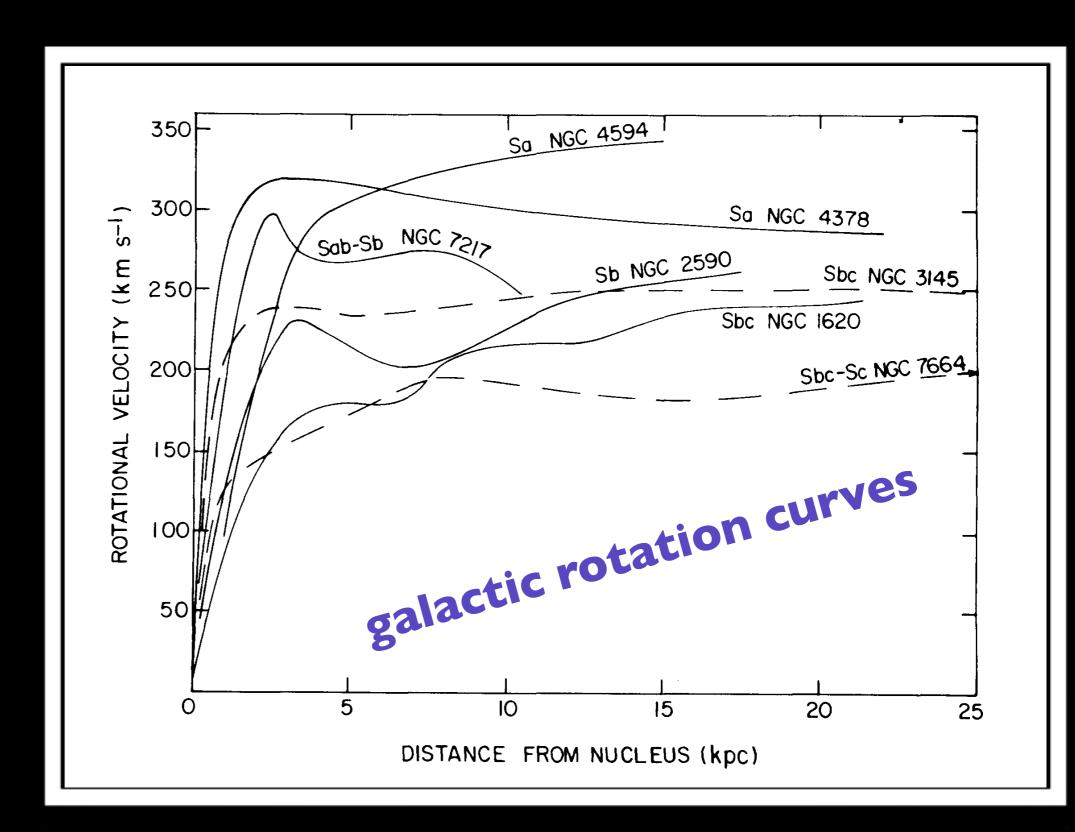
> dark energy 68.3%

stuff me telt and stand

#### Dark Matter



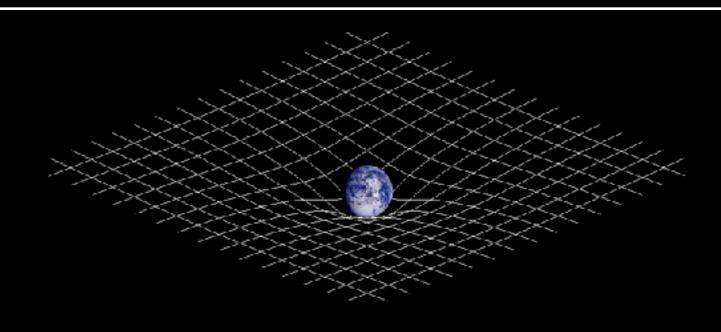
massive



massive

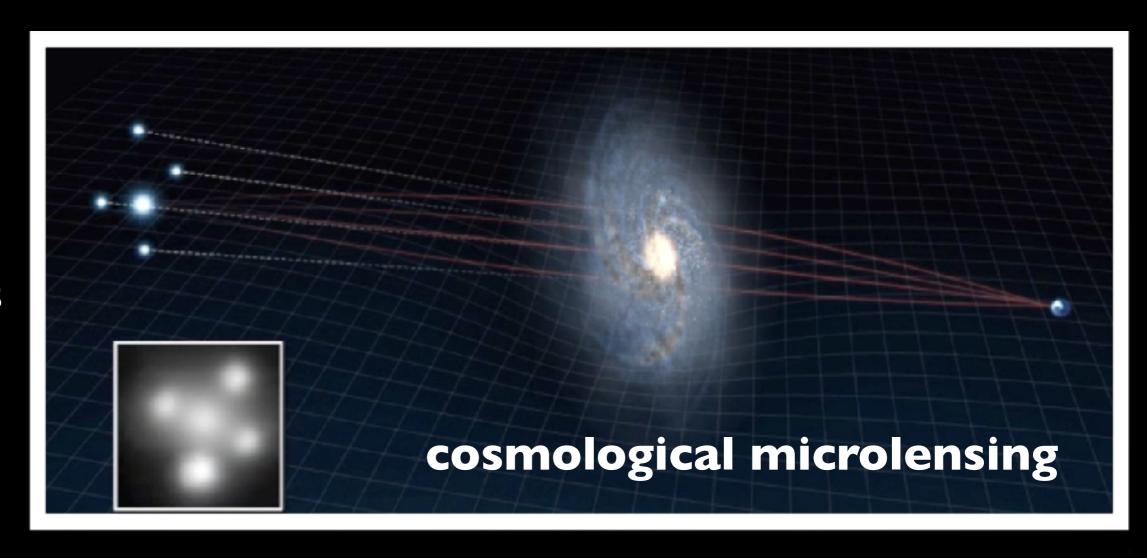


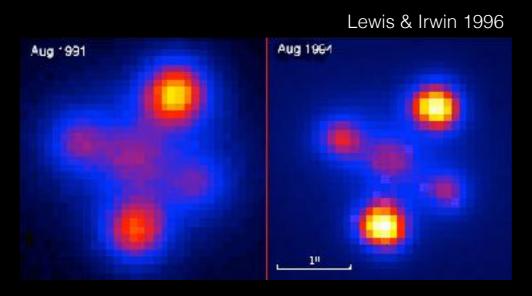
massive ubiquitous



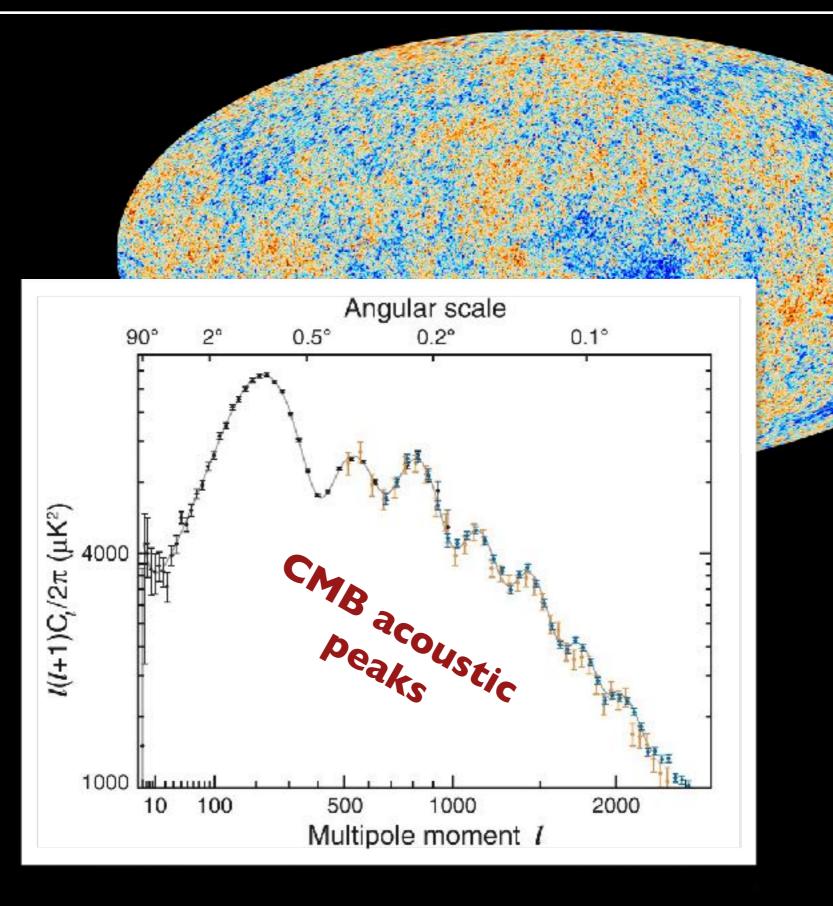


massive ubiquitous smooth

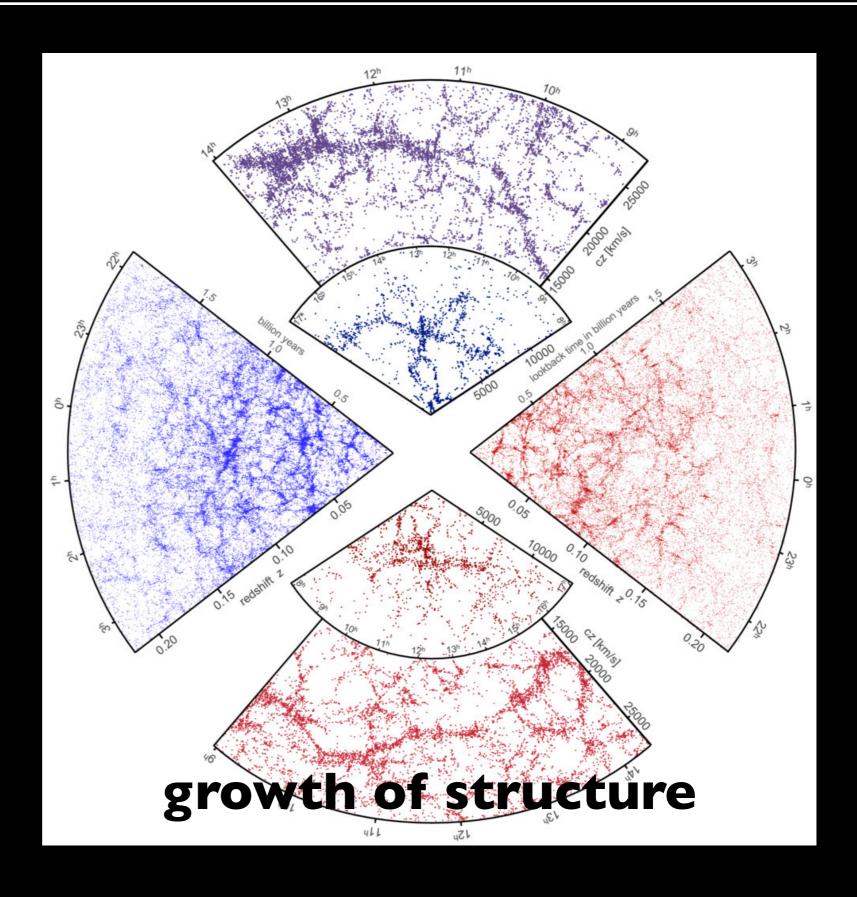




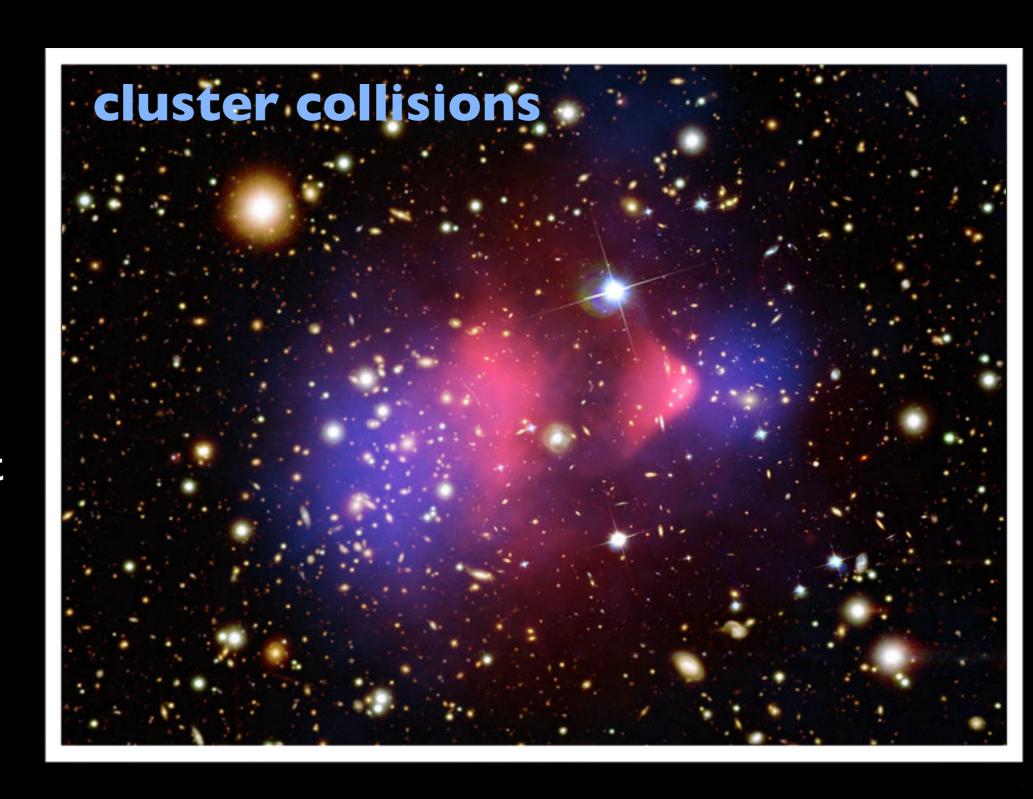
massive
ubiquitous
smooth
collisionless



massive
ubiquitous
smooth
collisionless



massive
ubiquitous
smooth
collisionless
new component

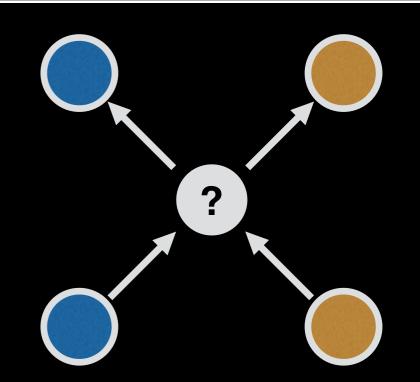


#### Candidates

- ★ Weakly Interacting Massive Particles (a.k.a., WIMPs)
  - Something not included in the Standard Model of Particle Physics
- Annihilating (e.g., SUSY neutralino WIMP)
- Decaying (e.g., axino)
- Warm (WDM) (e.g., sterile neutrino)
- Self-interacting (SIDM) (particle + dark sector force)
- Axion (e.g., QCD axion / string axion)
- MACHO (e.g., primordial black holes)

## Annihilating WIMPS

## Key detection signature: WIMP annihilation

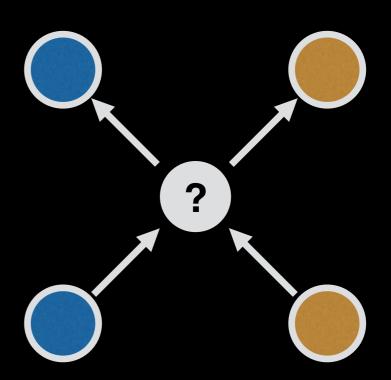


#### Why annihilating dark matter?

- Good candidates in supersymmetry (e.g. neutralino), Kaluza-Klein theory (e.g. B<sup>1</sup>)
- Early thermal equilibrium and freeze-out gives natural production mechanism

#### Dark Matter: Indirect Detection





 signature: cosmic rays, gamma rays, neutrinos (annihilation products)

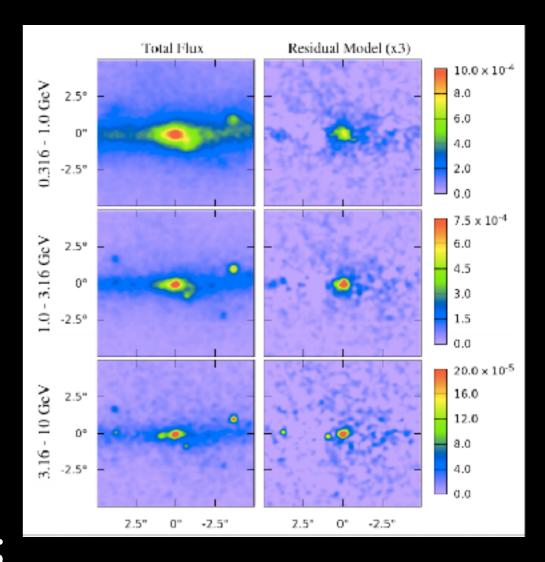
## Gamma Rays

Gamma-ray excess in Galactic Center at I-3 GeV

31-40 GeV WIMP annihilation?

In favor: spatial distribution looks plausible; fairly simple WIMP model, possible new hints seen in Andromeda

Against: Galactic Center is messy; complicated analysis; statistics favor point sources (Lee et al. 2015)



Daylan et al. 2014

#### Cosmic Rays

Image credit: PAMELA Collaboration

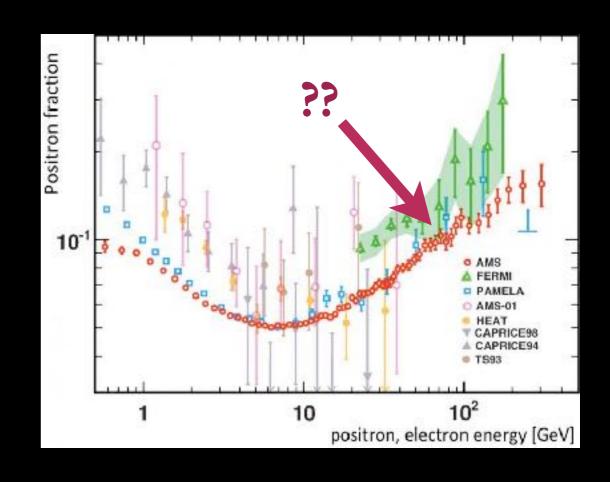




Image credit: NASA

**PAMELA** and the **AMS instrument** (and several others) saw an excess of positrons in their measurements -- could it be dark matter annihilation?

3 TeV DM with high crosssection proposed as explanation



#### Cosmic Rays

Image credit: PAMELA Collaboration



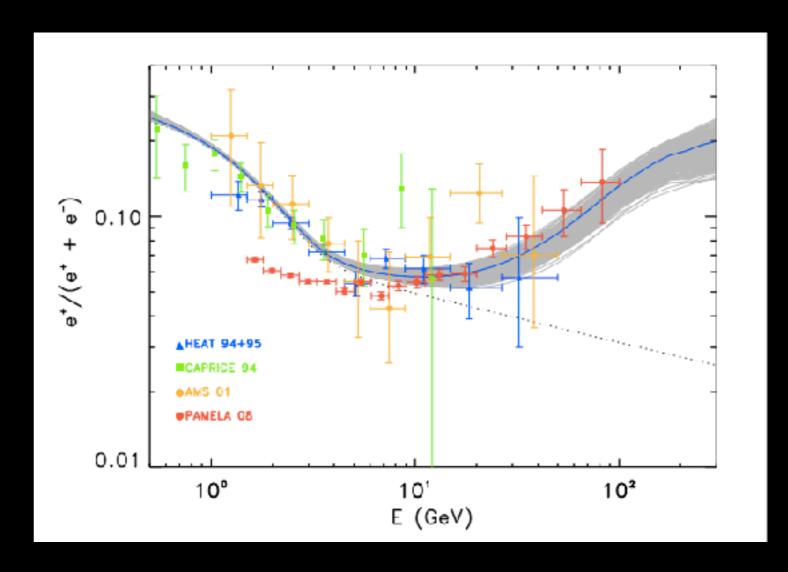


Image credit: NASA

But: **pulsars** also make electron-positron pairs

## Limited directional information

A couple of nearby pulsars could produce entire signal



Grasso et al. 2009

## Cosmic Rays

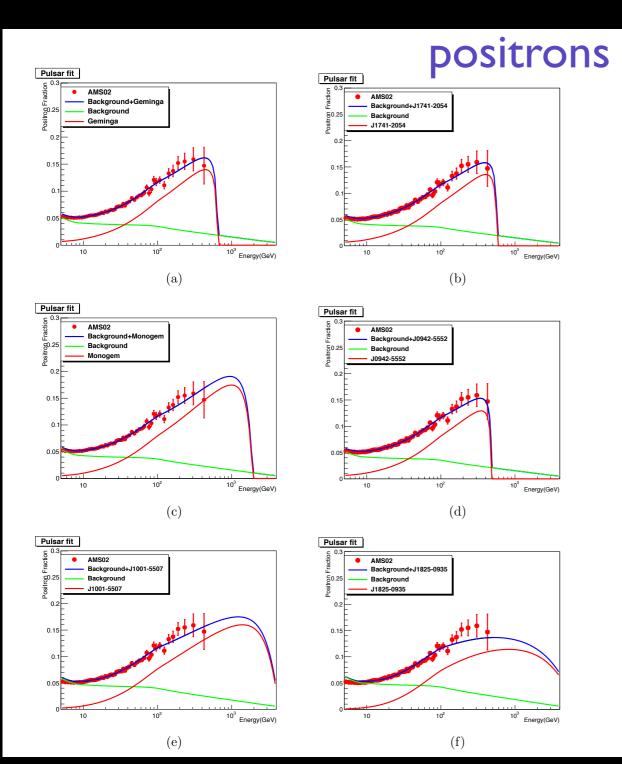
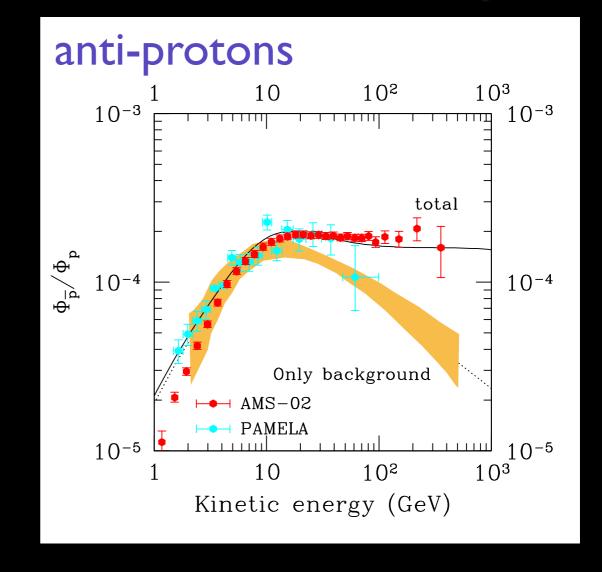




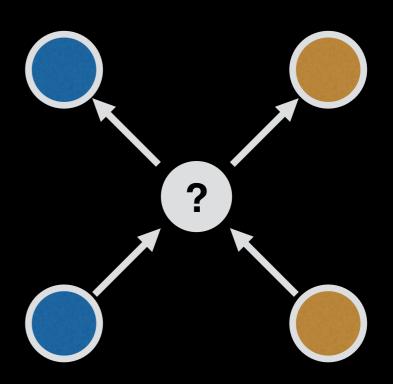
Image credit: NASA



Kohri et al. 2015

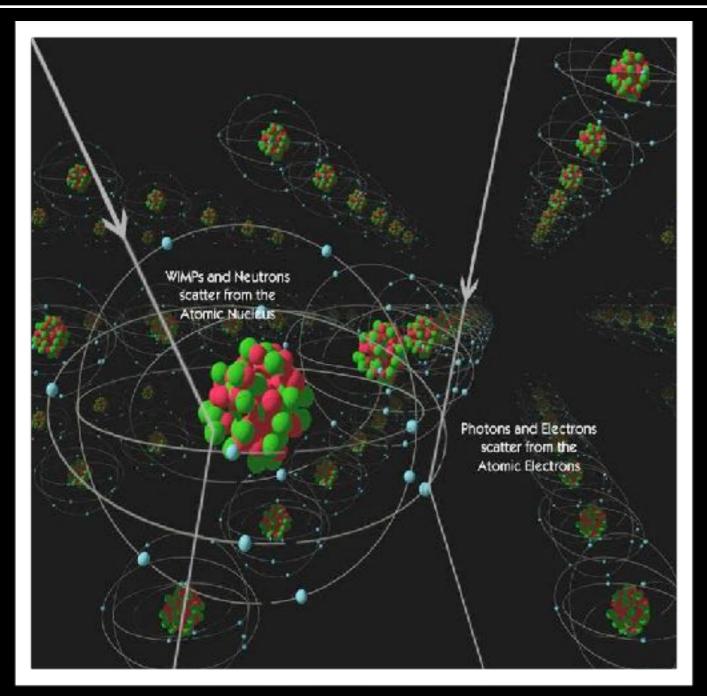
#### Dark Matter: Indirect Detection

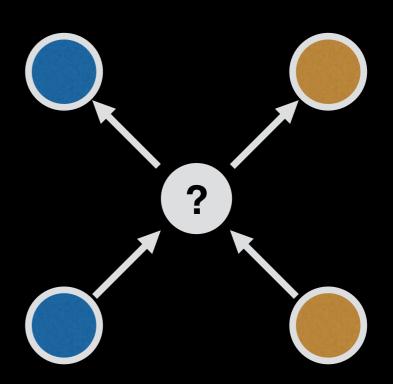




- signature: cosmic rays, gamma rays, neutrinos (annihilation products)
- results: inconclusive
- the future: giant cosmic ray array (CTA), high-resolution gamma-ray astronomy

## Dark Matter: Direct Detection

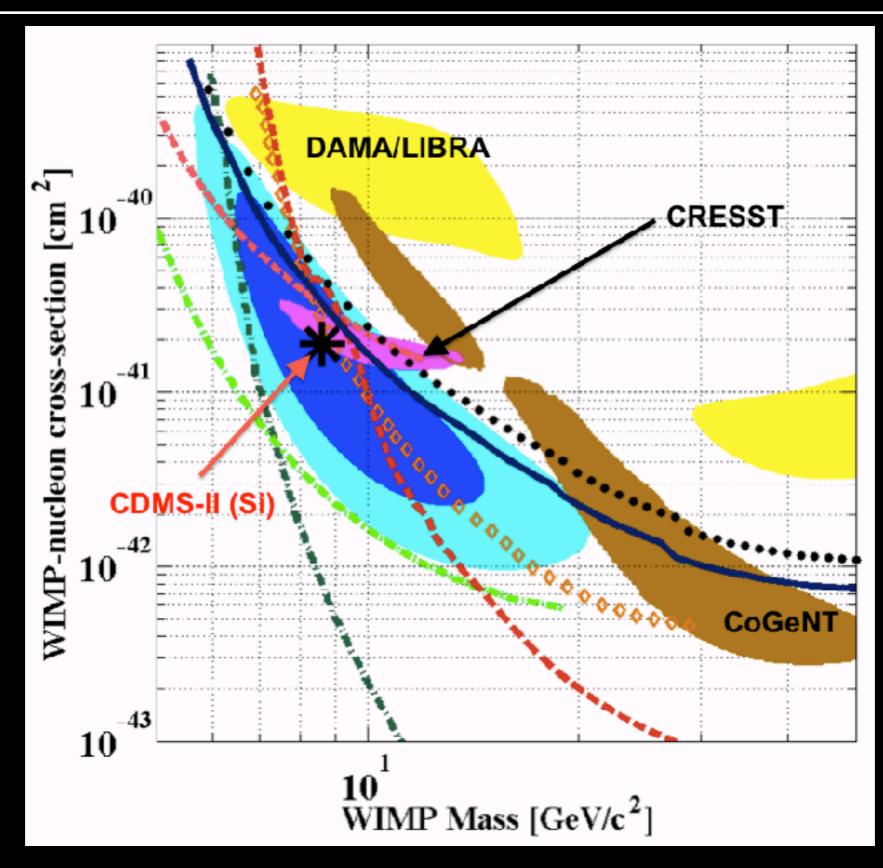




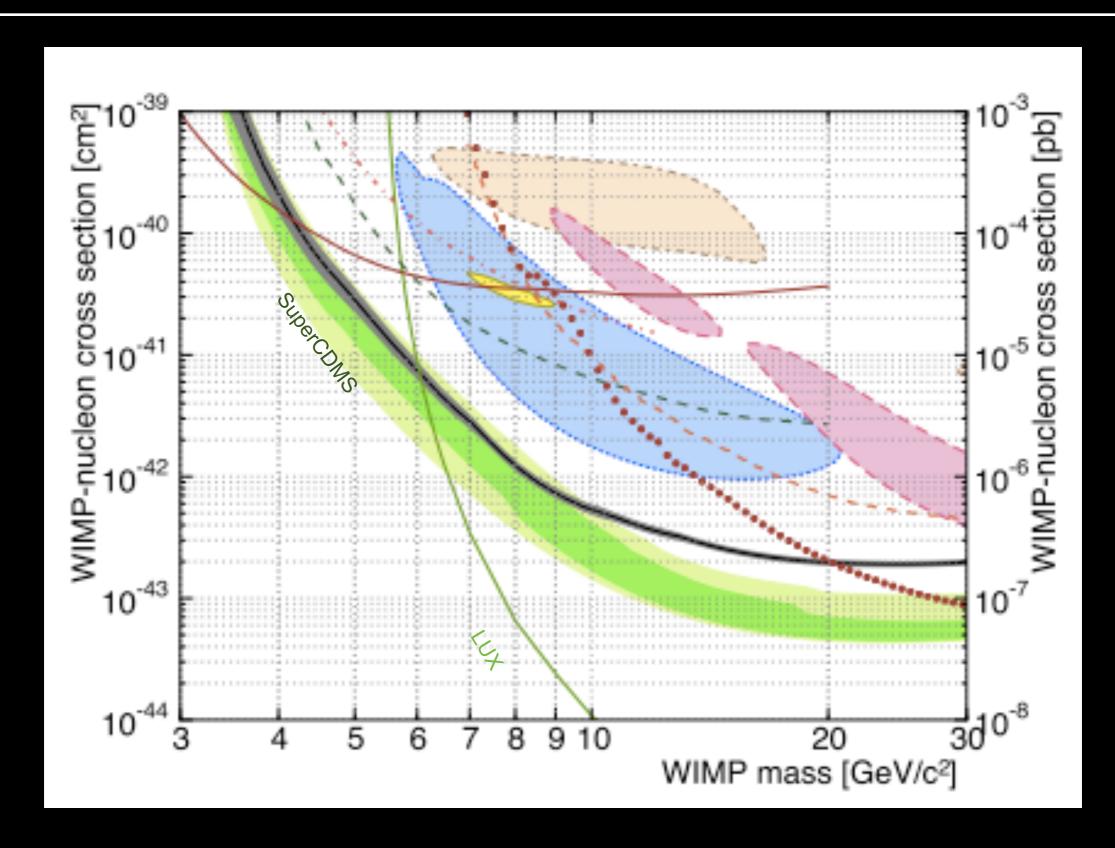
> signature: nuclear recoil

Image credit: UC Berkeley

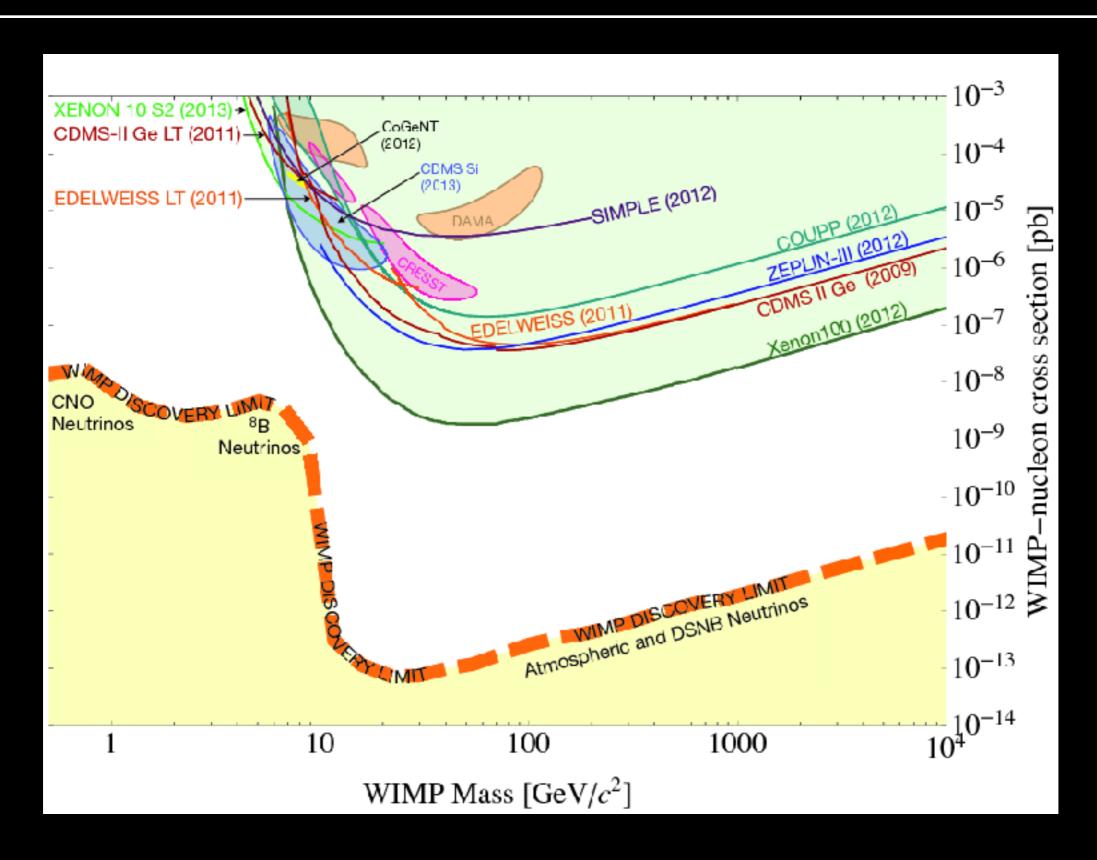
#### Direct Detection



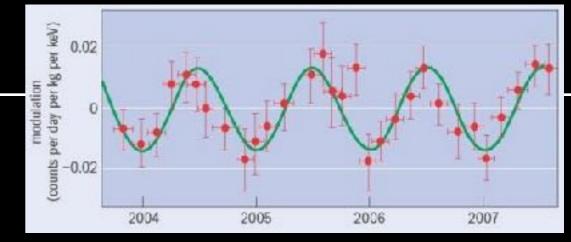
#### Direct Detection



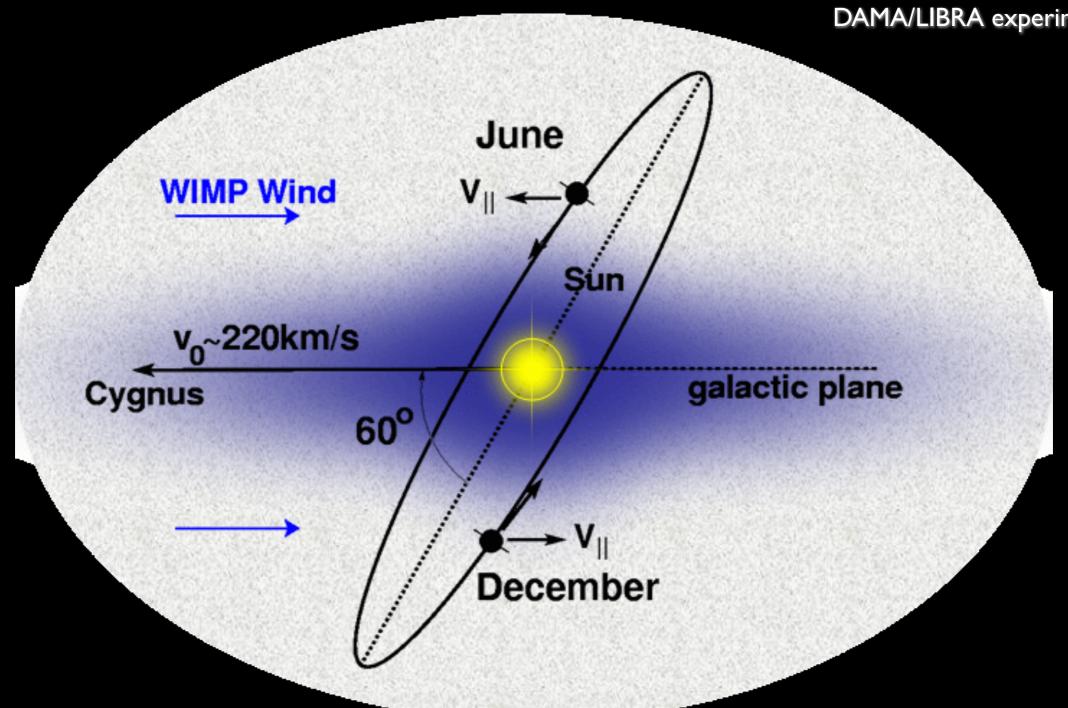
#### Neutrino Wall

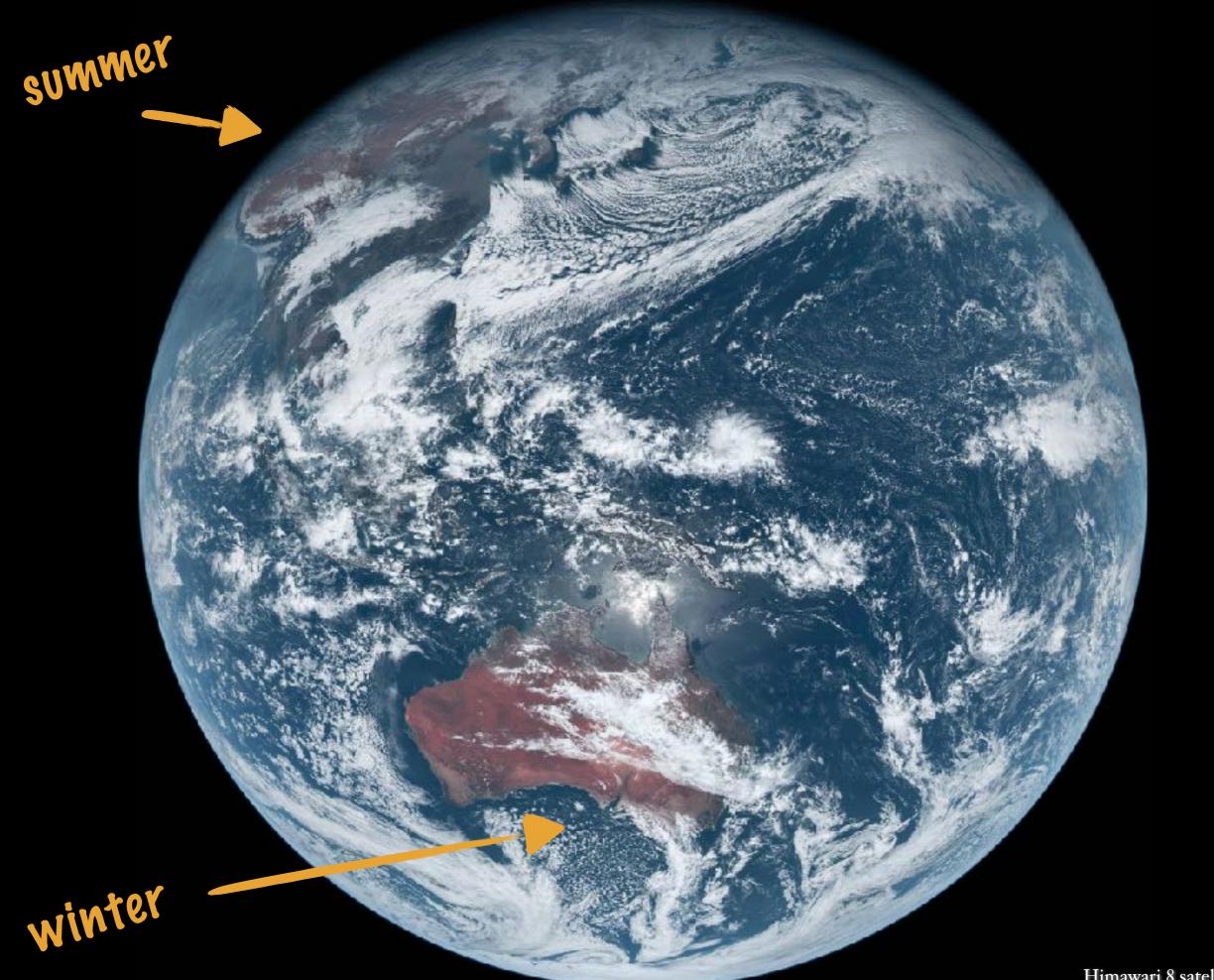


## Annual Modulation

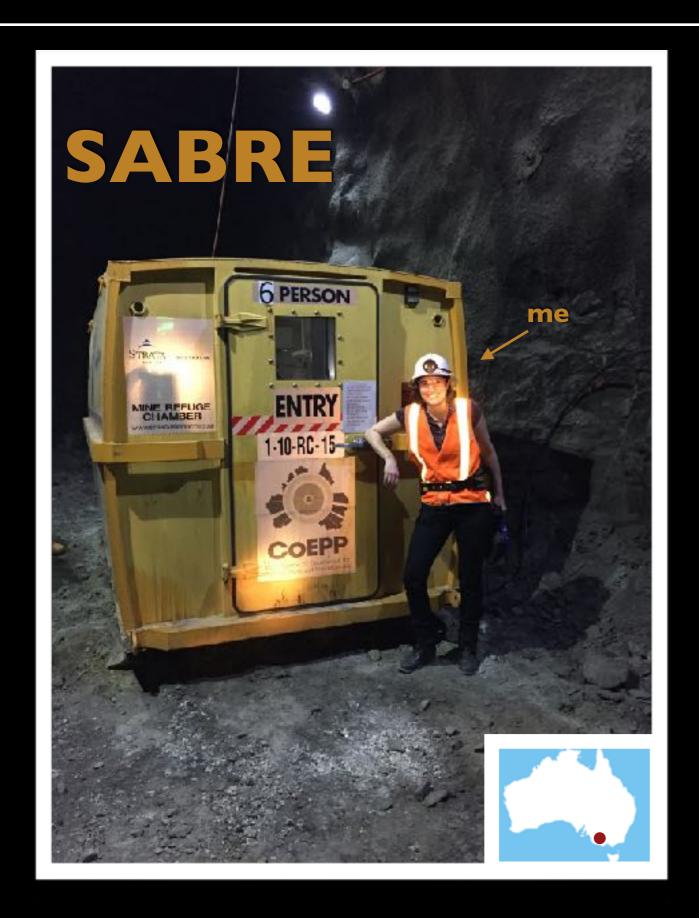


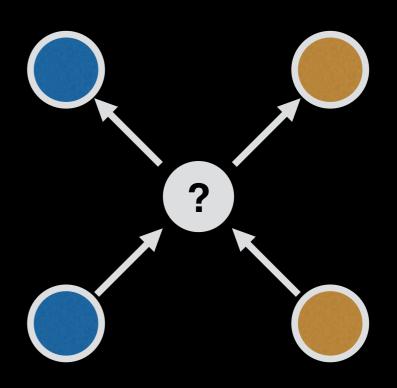
DAMA/LIBRA experiment results





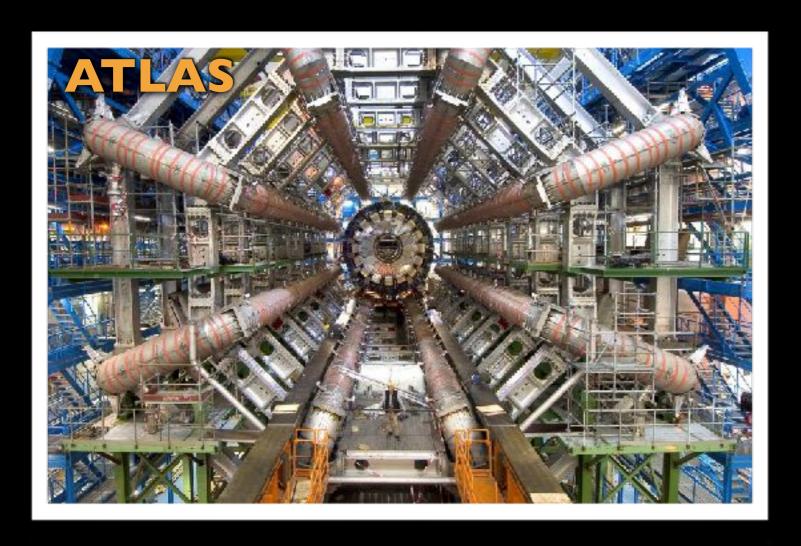
#### Dark Matter: Direct Detection

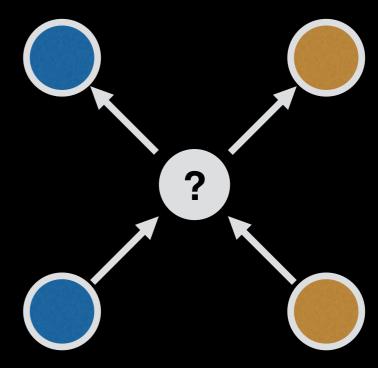




- > signature: nuclear recoil
- results: inconclusive
- the future: SABRE, directional detection (see: CYGNUS project)

#### Dark Matter: Production





- signature: missing energy
- results: no signal (yet)
- the future: more LHC data, future colliders

## Cosmological DM Signatures

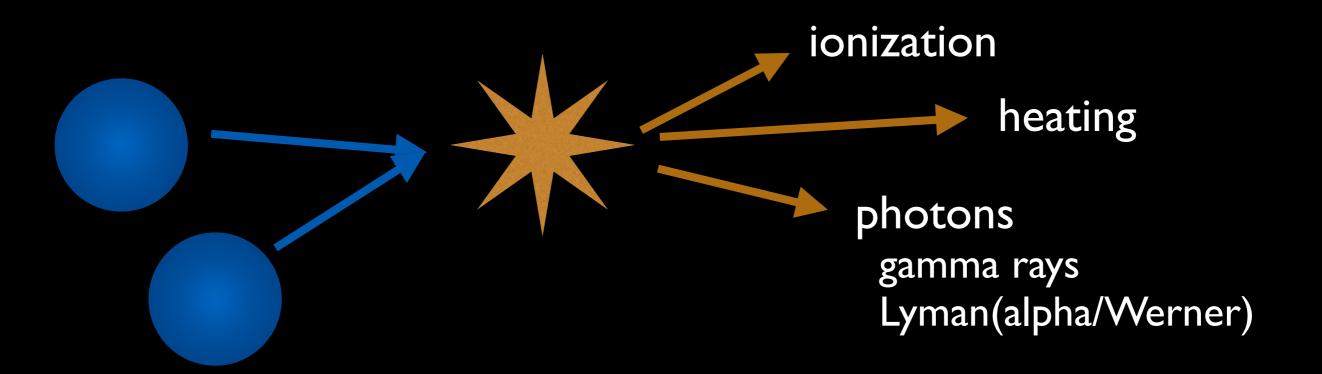
- Density field
  - angular dependence of 21cm power spectrum
  - lensing (CMB, LSS)
- Energy injection (annihilation, decay)
- Structure formation
  - velocity offset between dark matter & baryons
- Small-scale structure and bias (warm dark matter)
- Radio counterparts (axions, annihilation)

## Dark Matter: Cosmology

#### Annihilation "Feedback"

Major unanswered question:

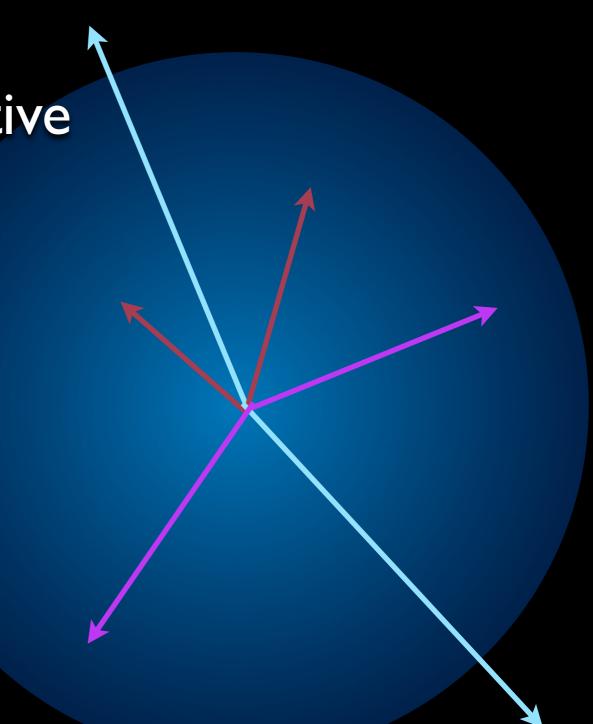
If dark matter annihilates across all of cosmic time, how does it affect the first stars and galaxies?



If dark matter is annihilating within baryonic halos, does this constitute an effective "feedback" process?



Sarah Schon, very-soon-to-be-PhD

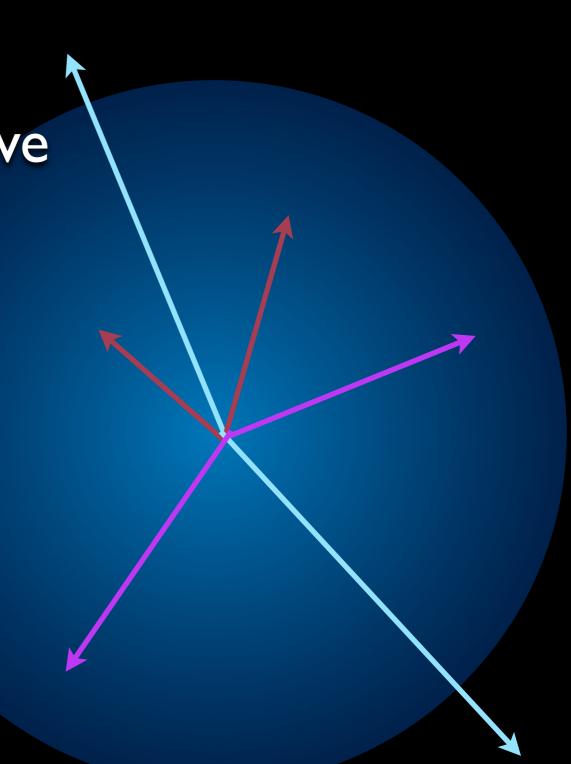


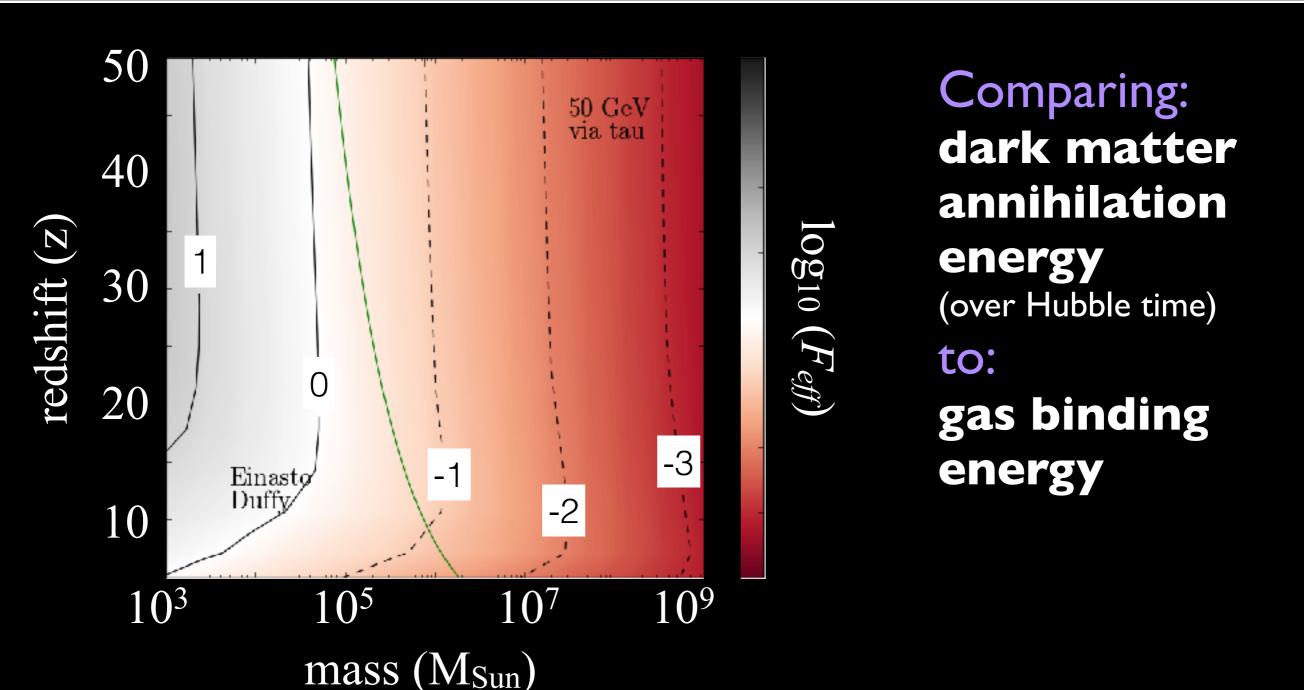
If dark matter is annihilating within baryonic halos, does this constitute an effective "feedback" process?

**PYTHIA code:** dark matter annihilation events

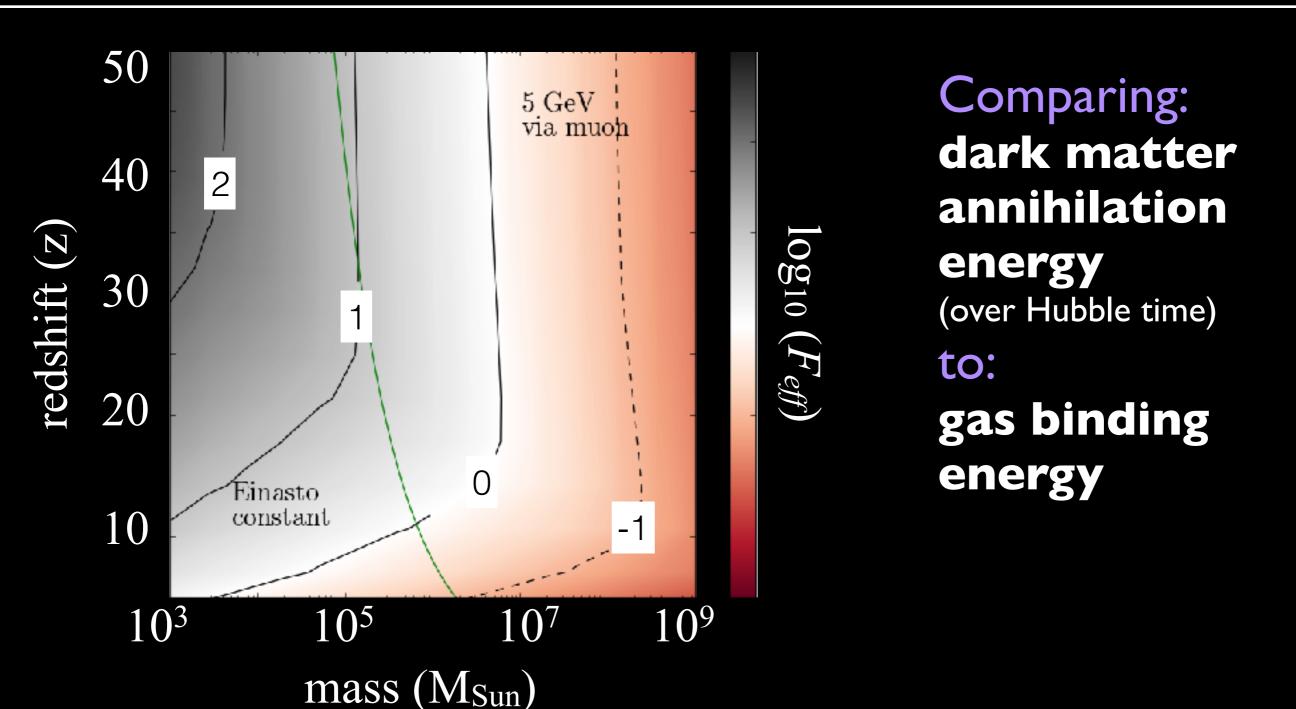
MEDEA2 code: energy transfer to baryons

Halo models: density profile, mass-concentration



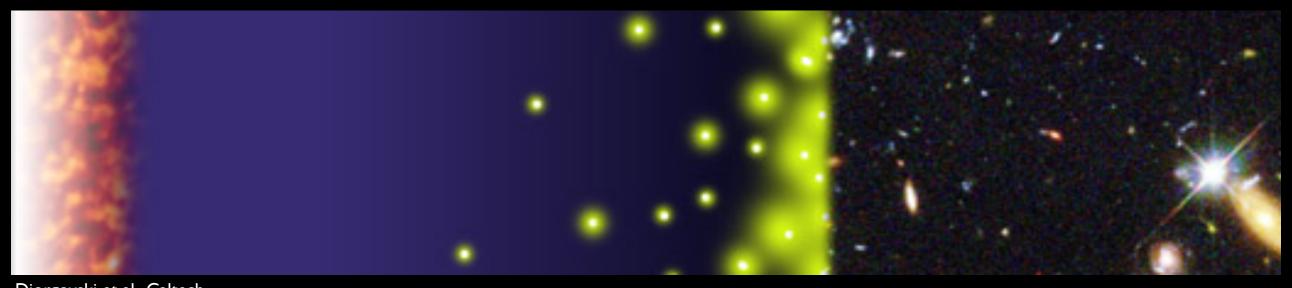


Schon, Mack+ 2015, MNRAS [arxiv: 1411.3783]



Schon, Mack+ 2015, MNRAS [arxiv: 1411.3783]

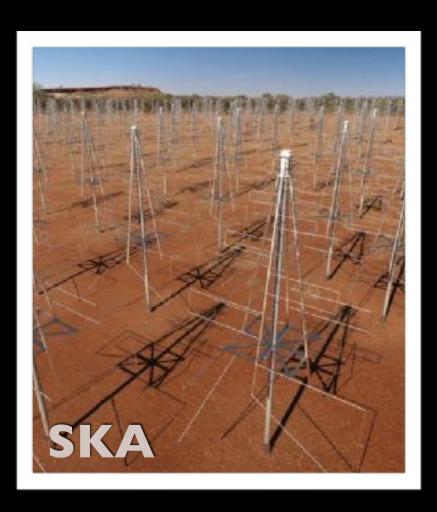
## Probing "Cosmic Dawn"



Djorgovski et al., Caltech

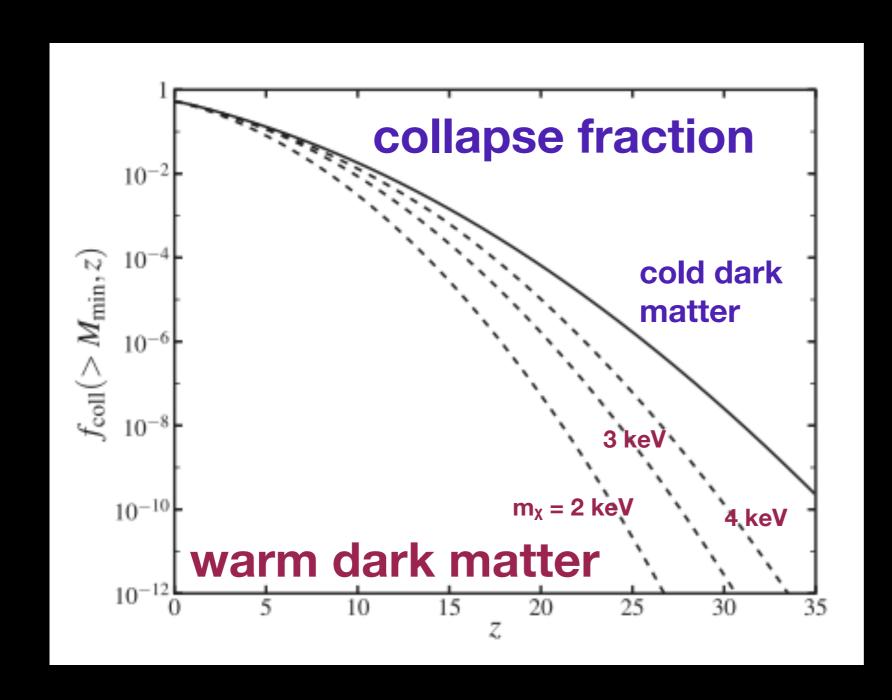
**c**urrent instruments

next decade





#### Small-Scale Structure

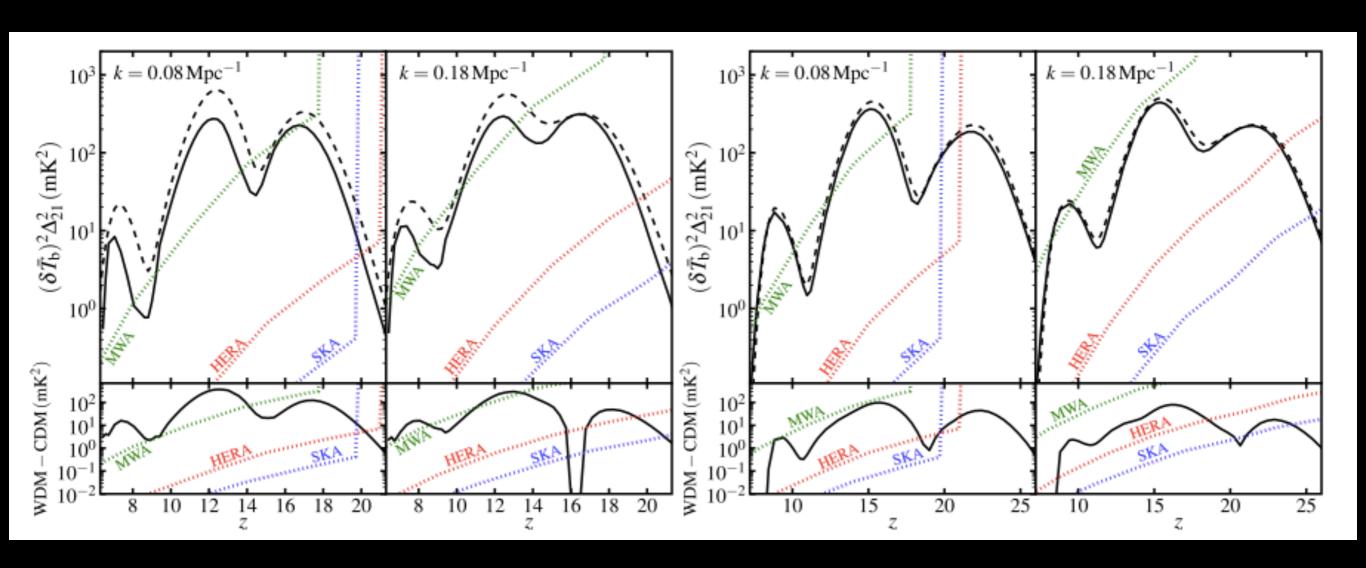


warm dark matter free-streams out of density peaks

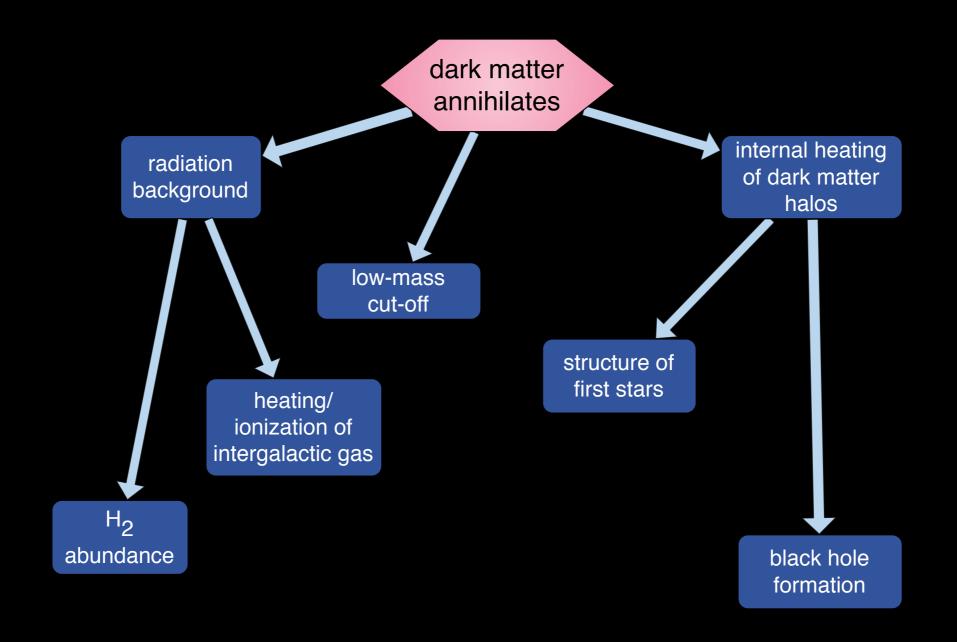
cut-off in smallscale power spectrum

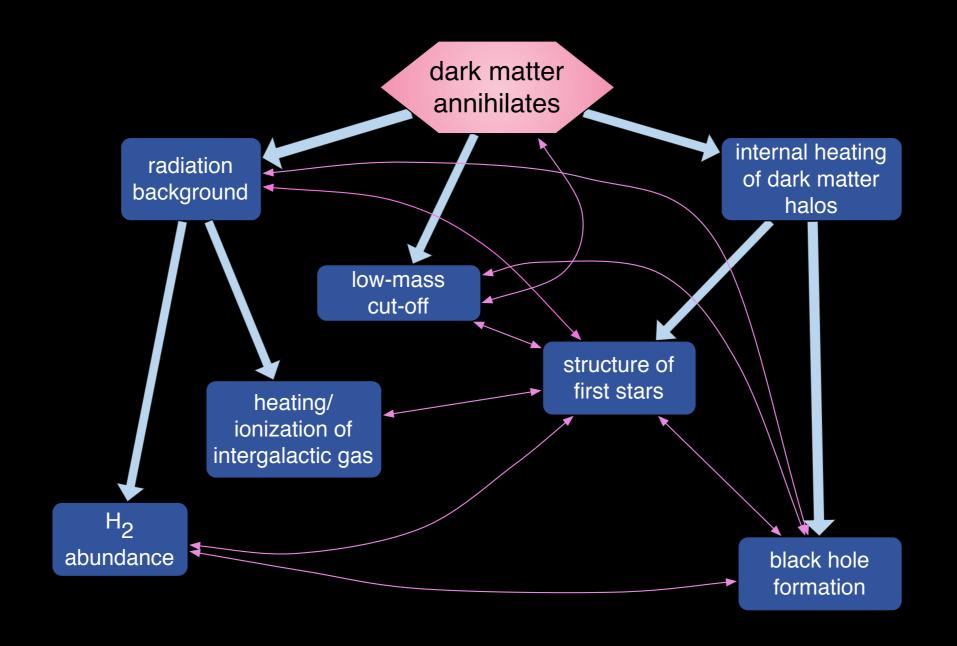
 $m_X = 2 \text{ keV}$ 

4 keV

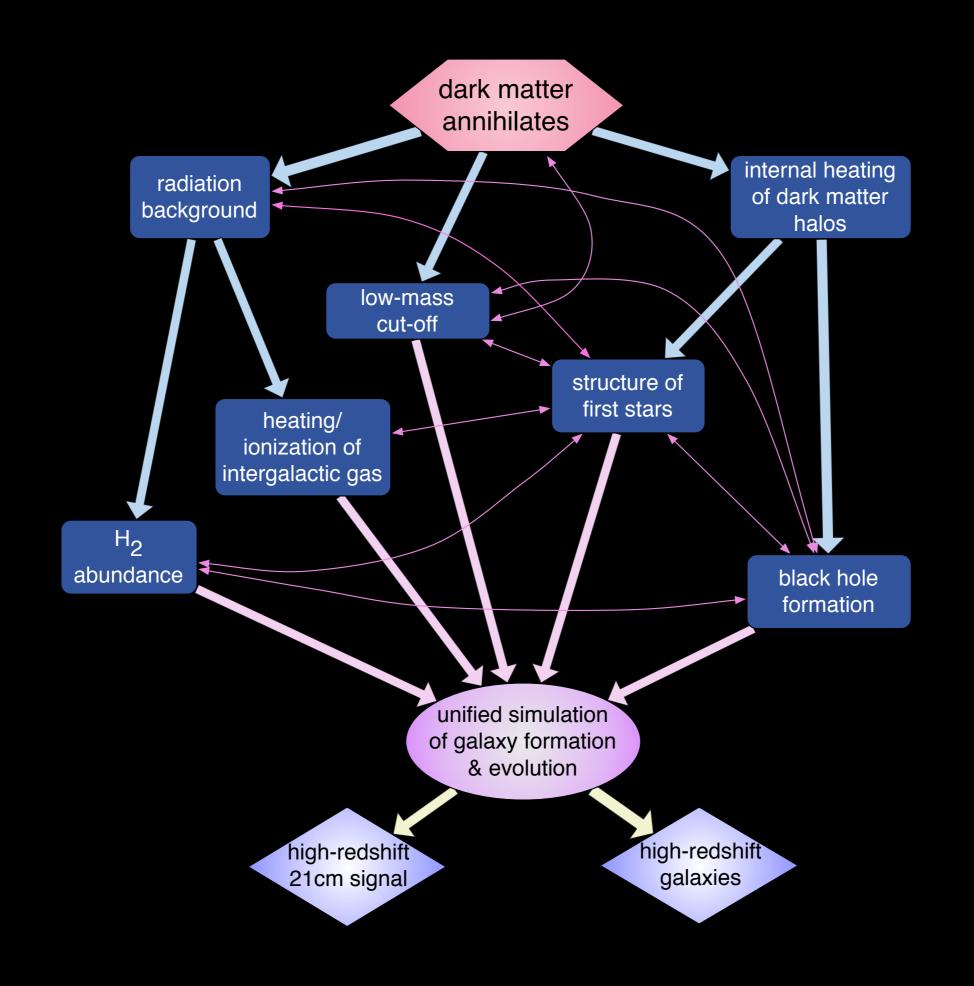


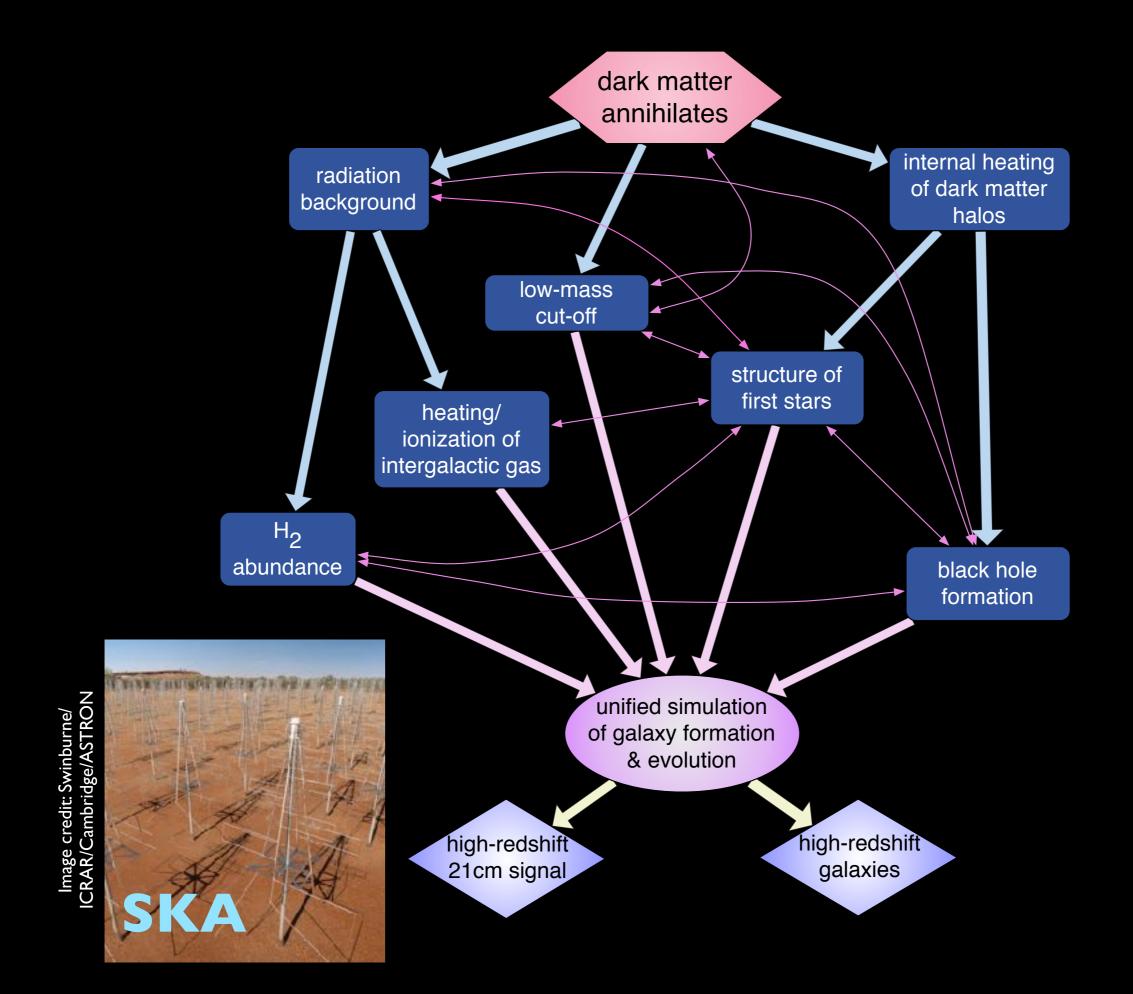
dark matter annihilates

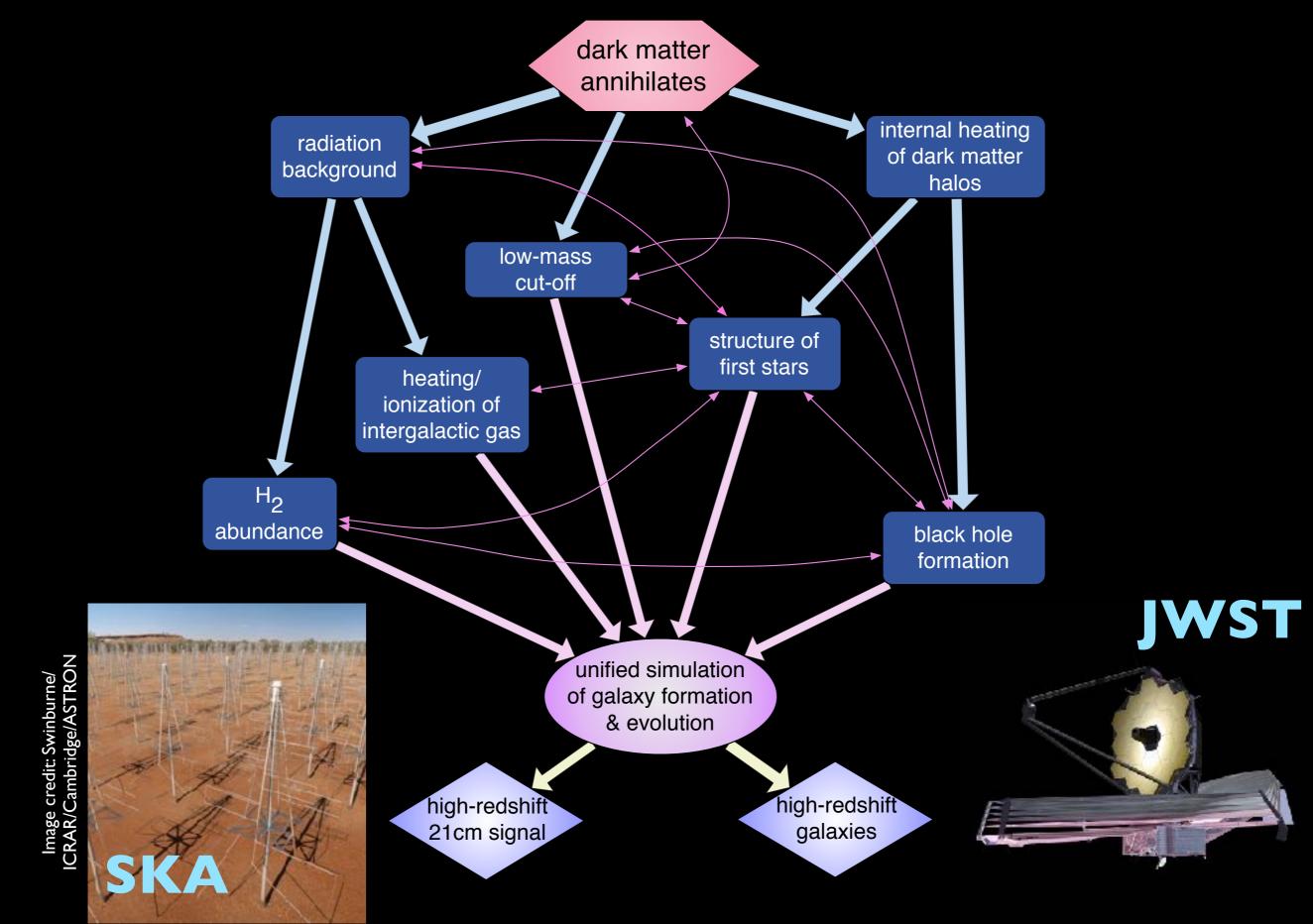










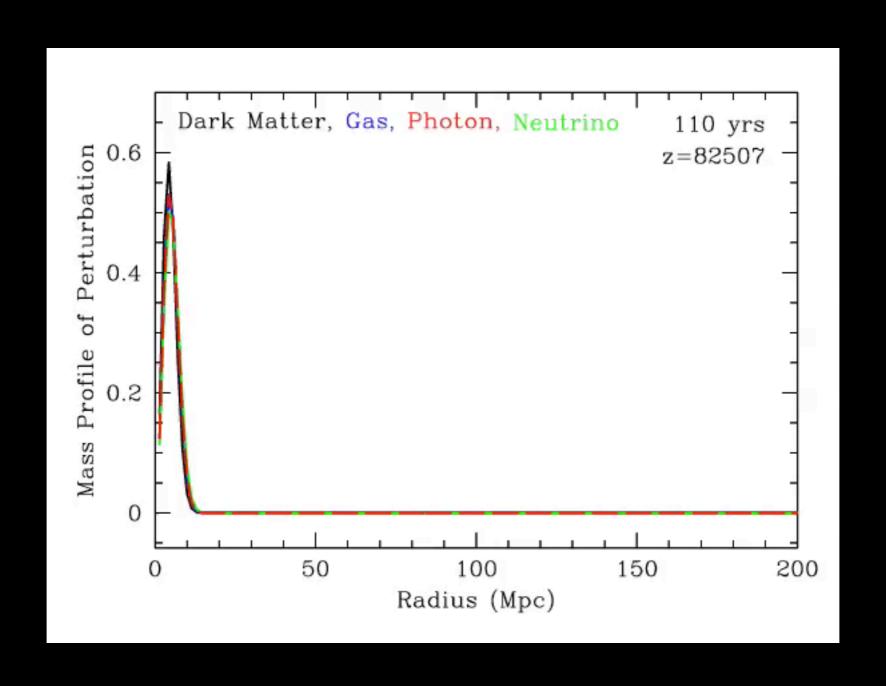


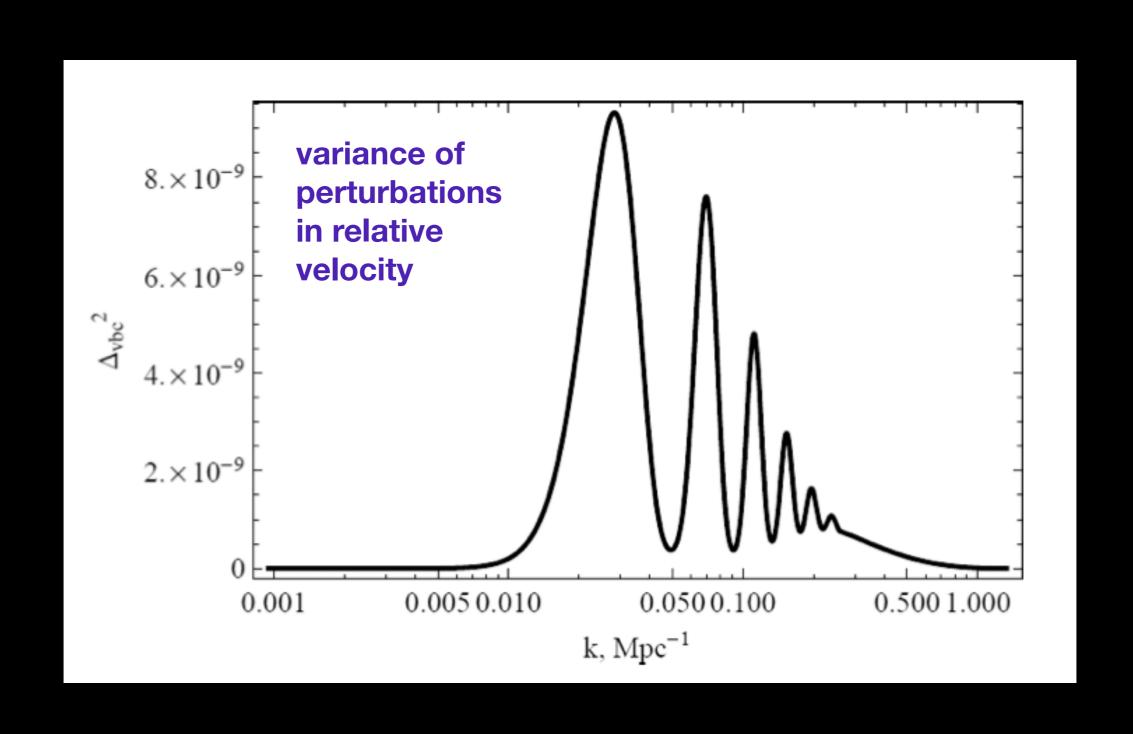
#### Take-Home Messages

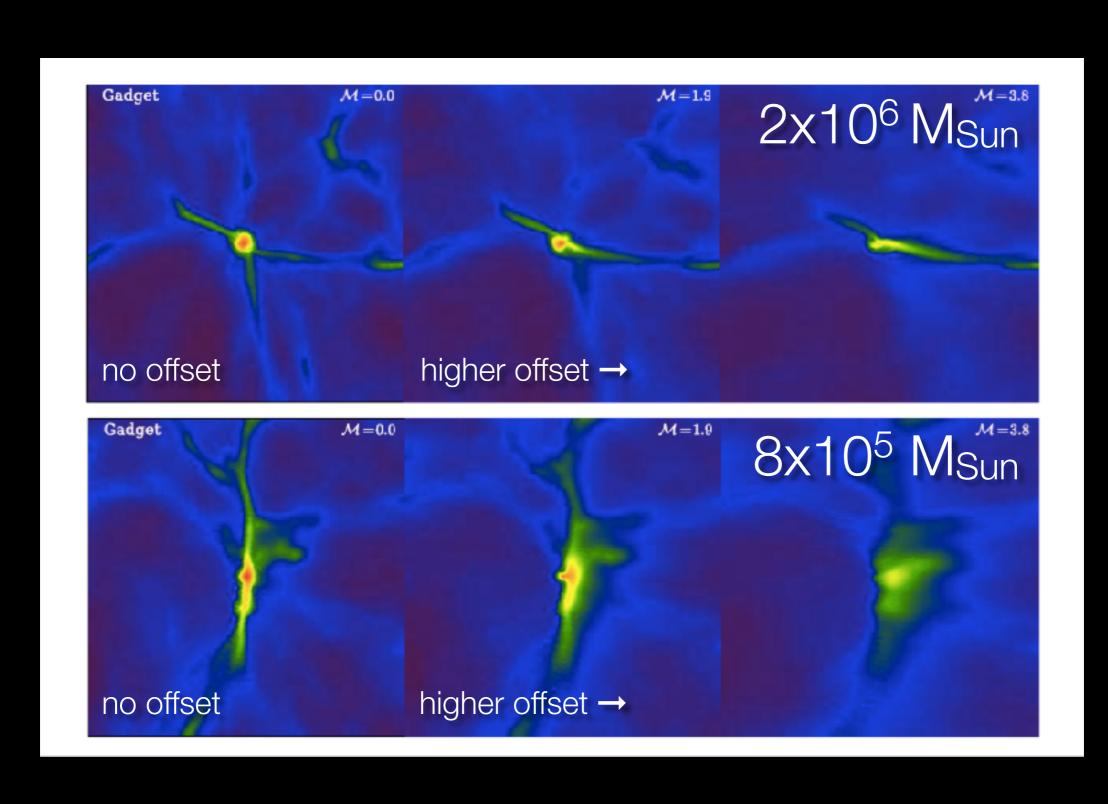
- \* The **fundamental nature** of dark matter is still a mystery (but we are getting clues)
- To identify dark matter from astrophysics, we need multi-messenger signals and a solid understanding of astrophysical foregrounds
- Future surveys can probe the particle physics of dark matter and produce a more consistent picture of cosmology

# end

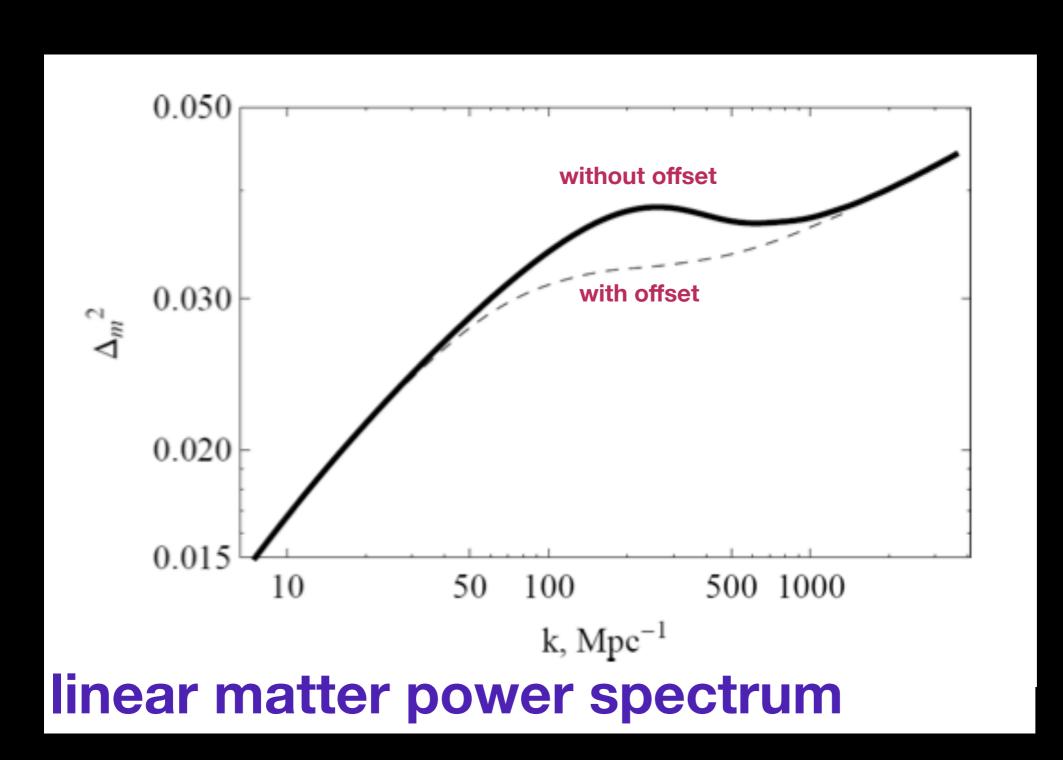
## bonus slides

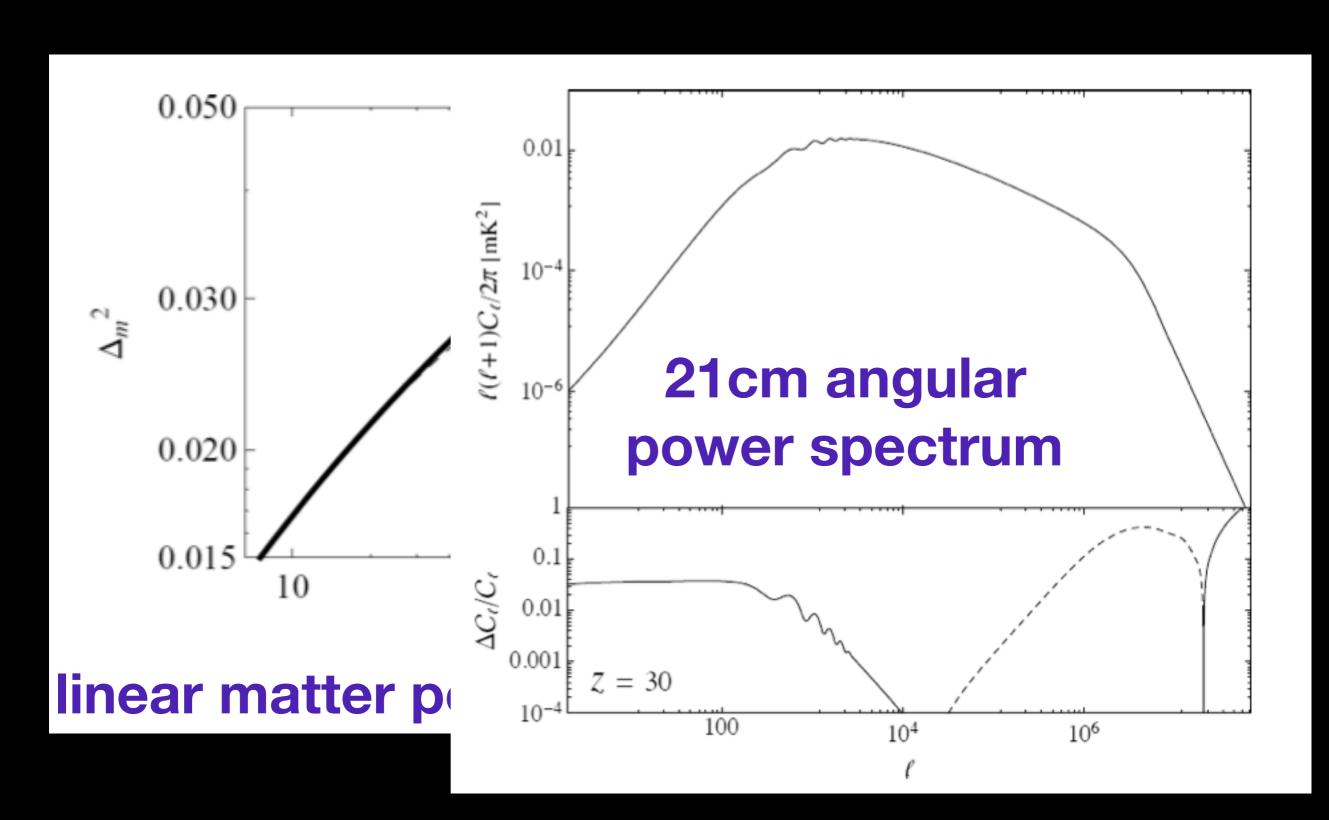






Tseliakhovich & Hirata 2010 McQuinn & O'Leary 2012

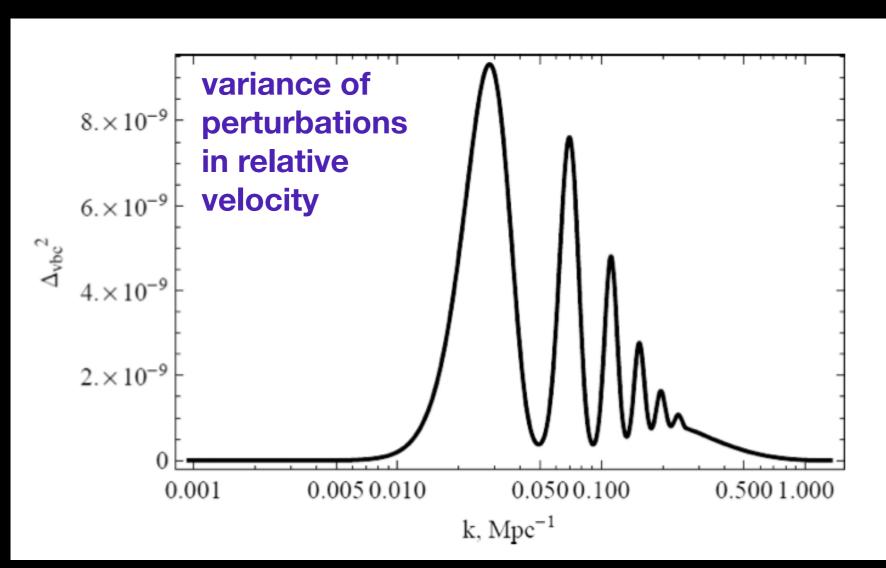




## Velocity Offsets

Tseliakhovich & Hirata 2010 McQuinn & O'Leary 2012

Fialkov et al. 2014 Ali-Haimoud et al. 2014 Marsh 2015



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